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with §22.537 with regard to protected transmitters is required for applications to operate a transmitter on the VHF channels. This exhibit must:

- (1) Identify each protected transmitter located within 109 kilometers (68 miles) of the proposed transmitter in directions in which the distance to the interfering contour is 76.5 kilometers (47.5 miles) or less, and within 178 kilometers (111 miles) of the proposed transmitter in directions in which the distance to the interfering contour exceeds 76.5 kilometers (47.5 miles).
- (2) For each protected transmitter identified, show the results of distance calculations indicating that there would be no overlap of service and interfering contours, or alternatively, indicate that the licensee of or applicant for the protected transmitter and/ or the applicant, as required, have agreed in writing to accept any interference resulting from operation of the proposed transmitter.
- (b) Encompassment exhibit. An exhibit showing that the area within the interfering contour of the proposed transmitter would be totally encompassed by interfering contours of operating cochannel base transmitters controlled by the applicant is required for applications to operate a transmitter with ERP exceeding the basic power and height-power limits of §22.535. For VHF transmitters, this encompassment exhibit may substitute for the interference exhibit required in paragraph (a) of this section.

[59 FR 59507, Nov. 17, 1994, as amended at 62 FR 11636, Mar. 12, 1997]

ONE-WAY OR TWO-WAY MOBILE OPERATION

§ 22.561 Channels for one-way or twoway mobile operation.

The following channels are allocated for paired assignment to transmitters that provide (or support other transmitters that provide) one-way or two-way public land mobile service, either individually or collectively under a paging geographic area authorization. The paging geographic areas used for these channels are the EAs (see § 22.503(b)(3)). These channels may be assigned for use by mobile or base

transmitters as indicated, and or by fixed transmitters (including control, repeater or other fixed transmitters). The mobile channels may also be assigned for use by base or fixed transmitters under certain circumstances (see §22.567(h)). Unless otherwise indicated, all channels have a bandwidth of 20 kHz and are designated by their center frequencies in MegaHertz.

Base	Mobile	Base	Mobile		
VHF Channels					
152.03	158.49	152.57	157.83		
152.06	158.52	152.60	157.86		
152.09	158.55	152.63	157.89		
152.12	158.58	152.66	157.92		
152.15	158.61	152.69	157.95		
152.18	158.64	152.72	157.98		
152.21	158.67	152.75	158.01		
152.51	157.77	152.78	158.04		
152.54	157.80	152.81	158.07		

UHF Channels					
454.005	450.005	454.050	450.050		
454.025	459.025	454.350	459.350		
454.050	459.050	454.375	459.375		
454.075	459.075	454.400	459.400		
454.100	459.100	454.425	459.425		
454.125	459.125	454.450	459.450		
454.150	459.150	454.475	459.475		
454.175	459.175	454.500	459.500		
454.200	459.200	454.525	459.525		
454.225	459.225	454.550	459.550		
454.250	459.250	454.575	459.575		
454.275	459.275	454.600	459.600		
454.300	459.300	454.625	459.625		
454.325	459.325	454.650	459.650		

[59 FR 59507, Nov. 17, 1994; 60 FR 9889, Feb. 22, 1995, as amended at 62 FR 11636, Mar. 12, 1997]

§ 22.565 Transmitting power limits.

The transmitting power of base, mobile and fixed transmitters operating on the channels listed in §22.561 must not exceed the limits in this section.

(a) Maximum ERP. The effective radiated power (ERP) of base and fixed transmitters must not exceed the applicable limits in this paragraph under any circumstances.

Frequency range (MHz)	Maximum ERP (watts)
152–153 157–159 454–455	1400 150 3500
459–460	150